Unit	Topic	You Will Learn
1	Understanding Purposes	 Finding the purpose of a text Identifying text types Understanding the purposes of different text types
2	Understanding Unknown Words	 Understanding how to work out the meanings of unknown words Using context Making educated guesses
3	Positive, Negative and Neutral Words	 Understanding connotations Identifying whether a word is positive, negative or neutral Using contextual clues
4	Making Inferences	 Understanding what an inference is Finding clues in the text Using background knowledge to link ideas
5	Predicting	 Using background knowledge to make predictions Finding evidence in the text Identifying important details
6	Understanding Characters' Feelings	Identifying emotive wordsInterpreting characters' behaviourUnderstanding subtext

Top Tips	Text Types	Key Terms
Purposes of text typesInformation and purposeGiving details	 News report Memo Blog post Advertisement Poster Brochure Letter 	PurposeInformPersuadeAdviseEnquireEntertain
Finding clues in the textUsing 'and' + 'or' as clues	LeafletBrochureArticlePersonal descriptionMythNews Report	ContextContextualEducated guess
Finding the meaning in a sentence	StoryConversationAdvertisementDiary	PositiveNegativeNeutralConnotation
 Underlining useful information Matching events and emotions Following the evidence 	StoryAdvertisementArticle	InferenceBackground knowledgeEvidence
Referring back to the text	Personal descriptionStoryAdvertisementDiaryLetterBlog Post	• Predict
Feelings vs personalityChanging feelingsStrong words	StoryLetterDiary	FeelingAction

Unit	Topic	You Will Learn
7	Finding the Main Idea	 Identifying the main idea Finding keywords Connecting the main ideas in paragraphs and whole passages
8	Supporting Answers with Evidence	 Finding the main idea Identifying supporting details Citing evidence
9	Summarising	 Summarising Breaking texts down into sections Recognising irrelevant information
10	Facts and Opinions	 Finding facts and opinions in a text Distinguishing between facts and opinions Identifying keywords
11	Reading Poems: Sound Effects	 Recognising sound effects in poems Identifying the mood of a poem Linking context to meaning
12	Reading Poems: Figurative Language	 Recognising literary techniques Understanding symbols Distinguishing between surface meaning and deeper meaning

Top Tips	Text Types	Key Terms
 Repeated words and ideas Main ideas in individual paragraphs Using transition words as clues 	StoryPosterLeafletLetterArticle	Main ideaTransition word
 Finding supporting details Finding more than one main idea Indirectly stated reasons Main ideas in individual paragraphs Sentence starters 	ArticlePosterBlogStoryLetter	EvidenceSupporting detail
 Identifying important information 	 Article Advertisement Children's encyclopaedia Postcard Story 	· Summarise
 Facts and opinions in different text types Combining facts and opinions Use of adjectives in opinions Opinions in disguise 	BlogLeafletDiaryNews reportBrochure	FactOpinionObjectiveSubjectiveRelative
 Using effects to get attention Rhyming and non-rhyming poems Partial rhyme 	• Poem	MoodRhymeRhyming pairRhyme schemeAlliterationOnomatopoeia
 Literal and figurative language Using the term 'speaker' Symbols Similes and metaphors 	· Poem	Surface MeaningDeeper MeaningFigurative LanguageLiteral Language

Forging Your Path

Track down twelve key reading skills to ignite the fires of your success. Use the page below to guide your journey.



Learn three clear steps to tackle the topic



Write your answer



Remember the most important part



Find out where to get more information



Let's ignite and practise new skills



Follow top tips from exam experts

Sun and Earth chat every chapter. Look for words in bold to see the topic in context.

Learn three steps to tackle every topic.

The Property Control Prince of the Control P

Repeat the steps yourself to become an expert.

Tick boxes to show you understand.

Feeling lost? Follow links back to the skill steps and other useful chapters.

Get your pen or pencil ready. It's time to practise.



Check what text type you're reading.

Follow tips on common mistakes.

Chapter 11

Reading Poems: Sound Effects

Learning Objectives

- Recognising sound effects in poems
- Identifying the mood of a poem
- Linking context to meaning

Key Terms and Concepts

mood	(of a poem) how the poem makes the reader feel
rhyme	(of two words) have the same sound or ending sound
rhyming pair	two words that rhyme
rhyme scheme	the pattern of rhymes in a poem, e.g. ABAB (in a 4-line stanza, when the first and third lines rhyme and the second and fourth lines rhyme)
alliteration	the use of multiple words that start with the same consonant sound, e.g. 'dull, dark day'
onomatopoeia	a word that sounds like the noise it describes, e.g. 'meow', 'bang'

Useful Vocabulary

transform	change
muffle	cover up a sound or make it quieter
icicle	a piece of ice formed by frozen dripping water
howl	make a long, loud, sad sound
china	a fine ceramic material, often used for mugs and teapots
Milky Way	the galaxy containing our solar system
wail	make a long, high cry of pain or anger
moan	make a long, low sound of pain or sadness
crackle	make a lot of short, sharp sounds

11. Reading Poems: Sound Effects

The rain is a pain, and it's here to **stay**.

I wish this rain would go **away**.

We've waited all day, and now here comes **Moon**.

I have to go, but I'll see you **soon**.

I hope that the weather is better next **time**!

At least we made this lovely **rhyme**.





Steps:

- 1. Find the sound effect
- 2. Think about the feeling the effect creates
- 3. Use context to understand the feeling

The snake slithers out of the seething sea.

What is the mood of this line?

Step 1: Find the sound effect: the sound effect is 's' alliteration (snake, slithers, seething, sea).

Step 2: Think about the feeling the effect creates: 's' alliteration can create lots of feelings, like <u>calm</u>, <u>exciting</u> or <u>creepy</u>.

Step 3: Use context to understand the feeling: the line is about a <u>snake</u> which <u>slithers</u>. Snakes are creepy, so the mood of the line is <u>creepy</u>.

I understand that the sound effects in a poem tell us about its meaning or mood.

Need to recap literary techniques? Check out the **Key Terms and Concepts** on page 123!

11. Reading Poems: Sound Effects



Exercise 1





Circle the correct answers.

- 1. Which of the following is an example of alliteration?
 - A. 'the world I know' (line 2)
 - B. 'My reflection twists' (line 4)
 - C. 'pale green and blue' (line 5)
 - D. 'the magic melted' (line 8)
- 2. Which of the following words best describes the mood created by the alliteration of the 'm's in 'muffles my' in line 3?
 - A. Peaceful
 - B. Sad
 - C. Annoyed
 - D. Cold

Not sure what to do? Go back to page 124 to read the examples again.



Using effects to get attention

Sometimes, we may not know exactly what **sound effect** alliteration produces.

Instead of worrying about the sounds of the letters, we can think about why the poet wants to **draw our attention** to those words, or why they are **important**.

11. Reading Poems: Sound Effects

Exercise 3

Space Rock

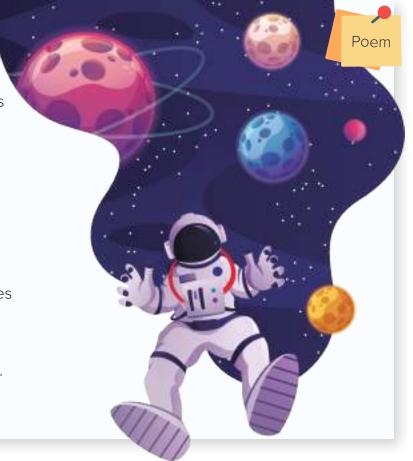
- 1 I'd love to be an astronaut and visit space one day, to dance among the moon and stars and see the Milky Way.
- 5 I wouldn't miss my family, especially not my brother (whenever we're together we just annoy each other) -

although it might be lonelyfloating up there all alone.I might look down at Earth sometimes

and think about my home -

I might forgive my brother

(once a few light years had passed).15 I'd bring a space rock back for him and we'd be friends at last.





Answer the questions in no more than three words.

- 1. 'Day' (line 2) rhymes with 'Way' (line 4). Which word rhymes with 'brother' (line 6)?
- 2. Identify two more rhyming pairs from the poem.
 - (a) '_____' and '_____'
 - (b) '_____' and '_____'
- 3. What is the rhyme scheme of the poem?
 - A. AABB

B. ABCB

- C. ABCA
- D. AAAB

Can't remember what 'rhyming pairs' and 'rhyme schemes' are? Check out the **Key Terms and Concepts** on page 123!





Lunar New Year Celebration

Poem

It's time to welcome the Lunar New Year, A festival filled with wonderful cheer! The streets are hung with bright red lights, As families meet to celebrate the night.

The sound of firecrackers fills the clear air, Banging and sparkling without a care. Loved ones meet, exchanging warm embraces, As we welcome the new year with happy faces.

We gather around the table, sharing the food, Dumplings and noodles, all very good. Red envelopes filled with lucky money to hold, Bringing good health for young and old.

Whether you're a Horse, a Rabbit or an Ox, This enjoyable celebration truly rocks! So let's all come together and have some fun, Celebrate the Lunar New Year, everyone!



Follow the instructions to answer the question.

1. Mark the rhyme scheme on the right-hand side of the poem.



Answer the questions in complete sentences.

- 2. Find an example of alliteration in stanza 1.
- 3. Find an example of onomatopoeia in stanza 2.

4.	Which senses does the poem appeal to in stanzas 2 and 3? Give examples.
5.	What mood does the poem create? Explain your answer using evidence from the poem.

Unleash Your Inner Spark

What do you like about Lunar New Year? What special things does your family do during this festival? What do you look forward to eating and wearing each year?

Think about your favourite parts of Lunar New Year and share your thoughts about them. The text types below are great for sharing preferences. Choose one of these tasks or prepare your own:

Text Type	Suggested Task
Letter	Write a letter to a relative you see at Lunar New Year. Tell them how much you enjoy seeing them and why. Share your favourite things about the festival with them.
Diary	You have just celebrated Lunar New Year with your family. Write about your favourite things from the celebration. Use lots of adjectives and sensory details.
Article	Write an article for your school magazine about Lunar New Year. You have spoken with your classmates about their favourite parts of the festival. Share these in the article using lots of interesting descriptions.